

**Discovering Computers**  
Concepts for a Digital World **2003** Chapter 8 Objectives  
Web and XP Enhanced

- Describe the two types of software
- Identify various stand-alone operating systems
- Understand the startup process for a personal computer
- Identify various network operating systems
- Describe the term user interface
- Recognize devices that use embedded operating systems
- Explain features common to most operating systems
- Discuss the purpose of the following utilities: file viewer, file compression, diagnostic, uninstaller, disk scanner, disk defragmenter, backup, and screen saver
- Know the difference between stand-alone operating systems and network operating systems

Next  
8.2

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### What is an operating system (OS)?

- Set of programs that coordinates all activities among computer hardware resources

Operating System

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8.3

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### What are the functions of an operating system?

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p.83 Fig. 8-1

<input type="checkbox"/> start up the computer	<input type="checkbox"/> monitor performance and provide housekeeping services	<input type="checkbox"/> manage memory
<input type="checkbox"/> administer security	<input type="checkbox"/> control a network	<input type="checkbox"/> manage programs
<input type="checkbox"/> access the Web	<input type="checkbox"/> schedule jobs and configure devices	<input type="checkbox"/> provide user interface

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### Where is the operating system located?

operating system resides on ROM in handhelds

operating system resides on hard disk in most cases

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### What is a cross-platform application?

- One that runs identically on multiple operating systems

runs on Windows 95, 98, 2000, ME, and XP

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8.4 Fig. 8.2

Ketabton.com

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#### What is booting?

- Process of starting or restarting a computer

**cold boot**

Process of turning on a computer after it has been powered off completely

**warm boot**

Process of restarting a computer that is already powered on

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#### What messages display on the screen when you boot the computer?

BIOS version and copyright notice: ROM BIOS Version 2.10 A05  
Copyright BIOS Tech Inc. 2003  
All rights reserved

total amount of memory: 0065536 KB

devices detected and tested: Keyboard.....Detected  
Mouse.....Detected  
Hard Disk Installed WCV AC41600H  
Floppy A: Installed

Windows message: Starting Windows

sound card and CD-ROM drivers loaded: SoundUTIL TSR Version 1.20  
Copyright SoundCard Technology 2002-03  
IDE CD-RW Device Driver Version V2.33 (4/20/03)  
Copyright Gajjin Electric Co.  
1 drive(s) selected

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8.4 Fig. 8-3

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#### How does a personal computer boot up?

- 1: Power supply sends signal to components in system unit
- 2: The processor accesses BIOS to start computer

Step 2

Processor

BIOS

Next  
8.5 Fig. 8-4

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#### Step 3: BIOS checks components such as mouse, keyboard connectors, and expansion cards

Step 3

processor

BIOS

CD-ROM drive

expansion cards

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8.5 Fig. 8-4

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#### Step 4: Results of POST are compared to data in the CMOS chip

Step 4

processor

BIOS

CD-ROM drive

CMOS

expansion cards

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8.5 Fig. 8-4

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#### Step 5: BIOS looks for system files in drive A (floppy disk drive) and then drive C (hard disk)

Step 5

processor

BIOS

floppy disk drive

CD-ROM drive

CMOS

hard disk

expansion cards

Drive that contains operating system is called **boot drive**

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8.5 Fig. 8-4

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**Step 6: Boot program loads kernel of operating system into RAM from boot drive**  
 Operating system in memory takes control of computer

Step 6

Next  
 8.5 Fig. 8-4

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**Step 7: Operating system loads configuration information and displays desktop on screen**  
 Operating system executes programs in StartUp folder

click Start to display list of applications you can run

Step 7

Next  
 8.5 Fig. 8-4

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**What is an emergency recovery disk?**

- Floppy disk that contains system files that will start computer when hard disk becomes damaged and computer cannot boot
- Also called repair disk, boot disk, or rescue disk

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 8.6 Fig. 8-5

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**What is a user interface?**

- Controls how you enter data and instructions and how information displays on screen

command-line (DOS) interface

graphical (Windows) interface

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 8.7 Fig. 8-6

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**What is multitasking?**

- Allows single user to work on two or more applications that reside in memory at same time

- ⊕ Foreground contains active application - the one you currently are using
- ⊕ Background contains inactive programs that are running but are not in use

foreground application

background applications listed on taskbar

Next  
 8.9 Fig. 8-8

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**What are other program management features of operating systems?**

- multiuser**  
 Operating system enables two or more users to run a program simultaneously
- multiprocessing**  
 Operating system can support two or more processors running programs at same time
- fault-tolerant computer**  
 Continues to operate even if one of its components fails  
 Computer has duplicate components such as processors, memory, and disk drives

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**What is memory management?**

- Optimizes the use of random access memory (RAM)

allocates, or assigns, data and instructions to area of memory while they are being processed

monitors contents of memory

clears items from memory when processor no longer requires them

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8.8.10

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**What is virtual memory (VM) management?**

- Operating system allocates portion of hard disk to function like RAM
- Paging
- Thrashing

page swapped out

disk (virtual memory)

RAM (physical memory)

page swapped in

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8.8.10 Fig. 8-9

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**How does an operating system schedule jobs?**

- Adjusts schedule based on job's priority

receiving data from an input device

job

An operation the processor manages

transferring items from storage to memory and from memory to storage

sending information to an output device

processing instructions

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8.8.10

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**What is spooling?**

- Print jobs sent to buffer instead of directly to printer, where print jobs wait their turn

print spooler application

print job

print queue

server

jobs to be printed

disk

jobs being printed

laser printer

Next  
8.8.11 Fig. 8-10

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**What is a device driver?**

- Small program that tells operating system how to communicate with a device
- Each device requires its own specific driver

device driver

Next  
8.8.11

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**How do you install a device driver?**

- Use the Printers and Other Hardware link in Control Panel

Control Panel

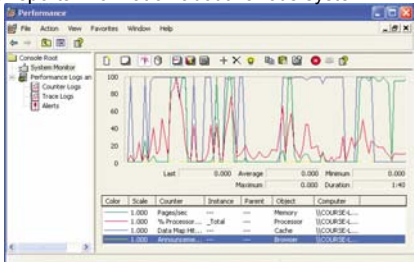
Printers and Other Hardware link

Next  
8.8.12 Fig. 8-11

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How does an operating system monitor performance?

- Provides a program, called **performance monitor**, that assesses and reports information about various system resources and devices

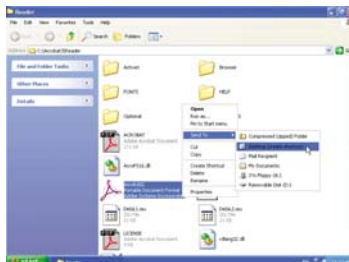


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 8.14 Fig. 8-14

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How does an operating system manage files?

- Includes a program called **file manager**, such as **Windows Explorer**
  - Commands include Copy, Rename, Delete, Move, Format, and New Folder

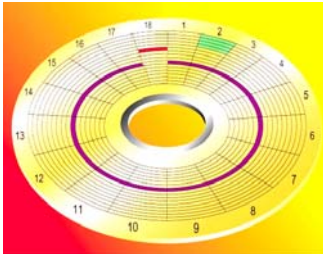


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 8.14 Fig. 8-15

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What is a **file allocation table (FAT)**?

- A table of information that operating system uses to locate files on a disk
- Reformatting disk usually erases only file allocation table and leaves actual files on disk




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What are features of a **network operating system**?

- Server** is computer that controls access to network and provides centralized storage area
- Other computers on network are called **clients**

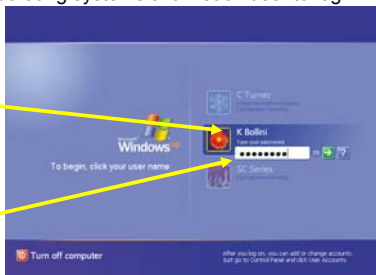


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 8.15 Fig. 8-16

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How do operating systems administer security?

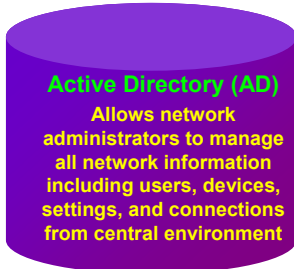
- Most multiuser operating systems allow each user to log on



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 8.16 Fig. 8-17

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What is **Active Directory (AD)**?



**Active Directory (AD)**  
 Allows network administrators to manage all network information including users, devices, settings, and connections from central environment

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## Types of Operating Systems

What are some characteristics of operating systems?

- device-dependent**: One that runs only on specific type of computer
- device-independent**: Runs on many manufacturers' computers
- proprietary software**: Privately owned and limited to specific vendor or computer model
- downward-compatible**: Recognizes and works with application software written for earlier version of operating system
- upward-compatible**: Written for earlier version of operating system, but also runs with new version

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## Types of Operating Systems

What are three categories of operating systems?

<b>Stand-alone</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DOS</li> <li>Windows 3.x</li> <li>Windows 95</li> <li>Windows NT Workstation</li> <li>Windows 98</li> <li>Windows 2000 Professional</li> <li>Windows Millennium Edition</li> <li>Windows XP Home Edition</li> <li>Windows XP Professional Edition</li> <li>Mac OS X</li> <li>OS/2 Warp Client</li> <li>UNIX</li> <li>Linux</li> </ul>
<b>Network</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NetWare</li> <li>Windows NT Server</li> <li>Windows 2000 Server</li> <li>Windows .NET Server</li> <li>OS/2 Warp Server for E-business</li> <li>UNIX</li> <li>Linux</li> <li>Solaris</li> </ul>
<b>Embedded</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Windows CE</li> <li>Pocket PC 2002</li> <li>Palm OS</li> </ul>

Next  
8.17 Fig 8-18

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## Stand-Alone Operating Systems

What is DOS (Disk Operating System)?

- Refers to several single user operating systems developed in the early 1980s for personal computers

```

C:\My Documents>DIR *.XLS
Volume in drive C has no label
Volume Serial Number is 2331-1205
Directory of C:\My Documents

CUSTOMER.XLS      5,632  05-23-02  9:36a  Customer.xls
STOCKS.XLS        15,360  11-15-02  1:46p  Stocks.xls
BILLPH11.XLS     14,848  03-01-02  2:04p  bill physics graph.xls
WILNCS1.XLS       95,744  09-09-02  3:44p  Haines Volunteers.xls
4 file(s)
0 dir(s)
9,255,594 MB free

C:\My Documents>COPY *.XLS STOCKS2.XLS
1 file(s) copied

C:\My Documents>REN STOCKS2.XLS STOCKSDX.XLS

C:\My Documents>
C:\My Documents>CD
C:\>
  
```

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## Stand-Alone Operating Systems

What are features of most Windows operating systems?

- Active Desktop™
- Registry Checker
- FAT32
- Taskbar/toolbars
- Windows Explorer has a Web browser look and feel
- Increased speed
- Update Wizard
- Tune-Up Wizard
- Universal Serial Bus
- Multiple display support
- Accessibility Settings Wizard
- Hardware support

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## Stand-Alone Operating Systems

What is Mac OS?

- Multitasking operating system available only for computers manufactured by Apple
- Apple's Macintosh operating system was first commercially successful GUI

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8.21 Fig. 8-22

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## Network Operating Systems

What is UNIX?

- Command-line multitasking operating system

```

Terminal
File Edit Session Options Help

root login
root login file

if ( ! $? ) then
  exec -q "rsh login:rv100" $TERM
endif

stty sane ctabase
set _pathlist=100
set ignoreeof

setenv EXCITE 'set al sh root'
setenv HOSTALIAS 'HOME/localalias'

~/usr/games/fortune
file
head letter index.html mail mbox www
get mail
file
saved-messages sent-mail
file *
...
saved-messages sent-mail



Connection established
  
```

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8.23 Fig. 8-24

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### What is Linux?

- Popular, free, open-source multitasking UNIX-type operating system
- Open-source software means code is available to the public





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8.24 Fig. 8-25

**Discovering Computers 2003** Network Operating Systems  
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### What is Solaris?

- UNIX-type operating system designed specifically for e-commerce applications
- Can manage high-traffic accounts
- Incorporates security necessary for Web transactions
- Developed by Sun Microsystems



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**Discovering Computers 2003** Embedded Operating Systems  
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### What is an embedded operating system?

- Operating system found on most handheld computers and small devices
- Resides on a ROM chip





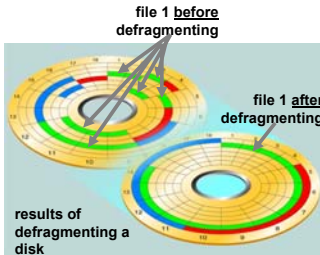
Palm OS®  
Pocket PC 2002  
Windows CE

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**Discovering Computers 2003** Utility Programs  
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### What is a utility program?

- System software that performs a specific task
- Examples include:
  - File viewer
  - File compression
  - Diagnostic utility
  - Uninstaller
  - Disk scanner
  - Disk defragmenter
  - Backup utility
  - Screen saver

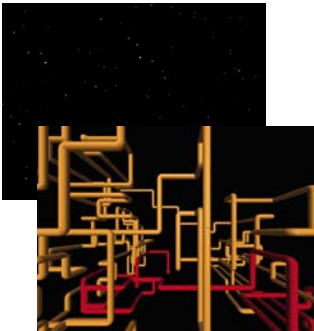


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**Discovering Computers 2003** Utility Programs  
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### What is a screen saver?

- Causes monitor's screen to display a moving image or blank screen if there is no activity for a specified time period
- Prevents ghosting
- Popular for security, business, or entertainment purposes



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8.31 Fig. 8-35

**Discovering Computers 2003** Summary of Operating Systems and Utility Programs  
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- System software
- Operating systems
- Operating system functions
- Types of operating systems
- Stand-alone operating systems
- Network operating systems
- Embedded operating systems
- Utility programs

**Chapter 8 Complete**

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